

## Pump tanks

## Pump mate ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ pre-pressurized

- Drawn steel construction
- Diaphragm operation
- SPMD corrosion resistant plastic base
- SSB metal base
- Lightweight
- Maximum working pressure 100 PSI
- 5-year limited warranty

Heavy duty State Select ${ }^{\circledR}$ glasslined

- Rolled steel construction
- Fused glasslining
- Anodic protection
- Maximum working pressure 125 PSIG
- 5-year limited warranty


## Galvanized tanks

- 100\% galvanized
- 1-year limited warranty


Heavy duty State Select ${ }^{\circledR}$ glasslined


Pump Mate ${ }^{\text {Tw }}$ Pre- presurized tanks horizontal PUMP MATE ${ }^{\text {ww }}$ | PUMP TANKS

## Pre-pressurized diaphragm operation 5-year limited warranty

State Industries Pump Mate ${ }^{\text {m" }}$ tanks are designed for installation flexibility and years of trouble-free service. Smooth, dependable diaphragm design and operation provides precise control of system operation cyles. Free-standing and in-line vertical tanks are available, as well as horizontal tanks with universal pump mounting bracket.

## Higher drawdown than competition!

The industry's most popular "standard" tank sizes are 32-gallon and 44 -gallon. Pump Mate ${ }^{\text {T" }}$ offers 36 gallon and 52 -gallon tanks in the same price range. So, a 36 -gallon Pump Mate ${ }^{\text {m" }}$ delivers $12 \%$ higher drawdown than the industry standard. A 52-gallon Pump Mate ${ }^{\text {mw }}$ delivers 18 \% higher drawdown than standard.

## In-line tanks

SPMDI Series tanks, available 2, 4.6,7.3 and 14-gallon sizes are designed to be supported by system piping (see typical installations, page 4).


## Start-up cycle*

Diaphragm is pressed against the bottom of the chamber.


## Fill cycle*

Water is pumped into the resevoir, which forces the diaphragm upward into the air chamber


Hold cycle*
Pump-cutoff pressure is attained. Diaphragm reaches its uppermost position. Resevoir is now filled to its rated capacity.


Delivery cycle*
Pump remains shut off while air pressure in top chamber forces diaphragm downward, delivering water to system.

## PUMP MATE ${ }^{\text {w" }}$ | PUMP TANKS

Pre-pressurized dimensions and weights

| SPMD Series Free Standing Plastic Base | Model Number | Volume (Gallons) | Dimensions in Inches |  |  | Weight (lbs) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | "A" <br> Overall Height | "B" <br> To Center of Water Inlet | "C" Diameter |  |
|  | SPMD-14 | 14 | 24-3/4 | 2-1/4 | 15-3/8 | 25,5 |
|  | SPMD-20 | 20 | 32-3/4 | 2-1/4 | 15-3/8 | 30 |
|  | SPMD-31 | 31 | 45-1/2 | 2-1/4 | 15-3/8 | 40 |
|  | SPMD-36S | 36 | 32-3/8 | 2-1/4 | 20 | 45 |
|  | SPMD-52 | 52 | 38-5/8 | 2-1/4 | 23-3/8 | 77 |
|  | SPMD-86 | 86 | 59 | 2-1/4 | 23-3/8 | 105 |
|  | SPMD-96 | 96 | 63-3/8 | 2-1/4 | 23-3/8 | 111 |
|  | SPMD-119 | 119,5 | 61-1/4 | 2-1/2 | 26 | 165 |
| SSB Series Free Standing Metal Base | SSB20 | 20 | 32-3/4 | 2-1/4 | 15-3/8 | 30 |
|  | SSB32 | 32 | 45-1/2 | 2-1/4 | 15-3/8 | 40 |
|  | SSB36 | 36 | 32-3/8 | 2-1/4 | 20 | 45 |
|  | SSB52 | 52 | 38-5/8 | 2-1/4 | 23-3/8 | 77 |
|  | SSB65 | 65 | 46-5/8 | 2-1/4 | 23-3/8 | 87 |
|  | SSB86 | 86 | 59 | 2-1/4 | 23-3/8 | 105 |
|  | SSB119 | 119,5 | 61-1/4 | 2-1/2 | 26 | 165 |
| SPMDI Series In-Line | SPMDI-2 | 2 | 10-3/16 | - | 8-1/4 | 5 |
|  | SPMDI-5 | 4,6 | 14-3/4 | - | 11 | 9 |
|  | SPMDI-7 | 7,3 | 21-1/8 | - | 11 | 14 |
|  | SPMDI-14 | 14 | 21-3/4 | - | 15-3/8 | 24 |
| SPMDH Series Horizontal |  |  |  | "B" Overall Length |  |  |
|  | SPMDH-7 | 7,3 | 12-7/8 | 21-1/8 | 11 | 16 |
|  | SPMDH-14 | 14 | 17-3/8 | 21-3/4 | 15-3/8 | 25,5 |
|  | SPMDH-20 | 20 | 17-3/8 | 27-1/8 | 15-3/8 | 30 |

SPMD-14, SPMD-20, SPMD-36S connection 1 " female.
SPMD-52, SPMD-86, SPMD-96, SPMD-119 connection $1-1 / 4$ " female.
SPMDI connection $3 / 4$ " male. SPMDI-14 1 " male.
SPMDH-7 connection $3 / 4$ " male. *SPMDH-14, SPMDH-20 connection 1 "male.


Free-Standing Selection Chart
The charts below allow you to easily select the right free-standing tank for standard size pumps between 2-1/2 and 30 gallons in capacity and for 20-40 PSI, 30-50 PSI and 40-60 PSI pressure ranges. Minimum run times shown (from start-up) are 1 minute, 1- $1 / 2$ minutes and 2 minutes. For example, for a system that delivers 10 gpm at $30-50$ PSI, with a minimum run time of 1 minute, Chart 1 indicates that the proper tank is the SPMD-36S.

## If proper tank selection cannot be made using Chart 1, follow this procedure:

First find the "drawdown multiplier" by matching the pump start-up and shut-off pressures on Chart 2. For example, the multiplier for a $30-50 \mathrm{PSI}$ pressure range is .31. Next, insert the pump GPM capacity and desired minimum run time into this formula:
$\frac{\text { PUMP GPM } \times \text { Min. Run Time }}{\text { Multiplier }}=\begin{gathered}\text { Minimum Tank } \\ \text { Volume Re- }\end{gathered}$ Multiplier Volume Required

To assume dependable Drawdown Volumes, and in keeping with present industry practice, Drawdowns are based on Boyles Law.

For example, using a 10 GPM pump, a oneminute minimum run time, and a $30-50 \mathrm{PSI}$ pressure range, the formula is as follows:
$10 \times 1=32.25$ Minimum Tank .31 Volume

Then, using Chart 3, select the tank that has a minimum volume that meets or exceeds your minimum volume requirement, and supplies adequate drawdown at the required pressure range. Minimum drawdown equals Pump GPM x Minimum Run Time. Therefore, in the above example, select the SPMD- 365 36-gallon tank. It provides adequate drawdown at 30-50 PSI.

| Pump GPM | System Pressure Ranges PSI |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 20-40 |  |  | 30-50 |  |  | 40-60 |  |  |
|  | Minimum Run Times (Minutes) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1 | 1-1/2 | 2 | 1 | 1-1/2 | 2 | 1 | 1-1/2 | 2 |
| 2,5 | SPMD-14 | SPMD-14 | SPMD-14 | SPMD-14 | SPMD-14 | SPMD-20 | SPMD-14 | SPMD-20 | SPMD-20 |
| 5 | SPMD-14 | SPMD-20 | SPMD-36S | SPMD-20 | SPMD-36S | SPMD-36S | SPMD-20 | SPMD-36S | SPMD-52 |
| 7 | SPMD-20 | SPMD-36S | SPMD-52 | SPMD-36S | SPMD-36S | SPMD-52 | SPMD-36S | SPMD-52 | SPMD-86 |
| 10 | SPMD-36S | SPMD-52 | SPMD-86 | SPMD-36S | SPMD-52 | SPMD-86 | SPMD-52 | SPMD-86 | SPMD-86 |
| 12 | SPMD-36S | SPMD-52 | SPMD-86 | SPMD-52 | SPMD-86 | SPMD-86 | SPMD-52 | SPMD-86 | SPMD-96 |
| 15 | SPMD-52 | SPMD-86 | SPMD-86 | SPMD-52 | SPMD-86 | SPMD-119 | SPMD-86 | SPMD-96 | SPMD-119 |
| 20 | SPMD-86 | SPMD-86 | SPMD-119 | SPMD-86 | SPMD-119 | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { (2) SPMD- } \\ 86 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | SPMD-86 | SPMD-119 | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { (2) SPMD- } \\ 86 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| 25 | SPMD-86 | SPMD-119 | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { (2) SPMD- } \\ 86 \end{array}$ | SPMD-86 | $\begin{array}{\|c} \hline \text { (2) SPMD- } \\ 86 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { (2) SPMD- } \\ 86 \end{array}$ | SPMD-96 | $\begin{array}{\|c} \hline \text { (2) SPMD- } \\ 86 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { (2) SPMD- } \\ \hline 96 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| 30 | SPMD-86 | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { (2) SPMD- } \\ 86 \end{array}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { (2) SPMD- } \\ 86 \end{array}\right.$ | SPMD-119 | (2) SPMD- | $\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{c\|} \hline \text { (2) SPMD- } \\ 119 \end{array}\right.$ | SPMD-119 | (2) SPMD- | $\begin{array}{\|c} \hline \text { (2) SPMD- } \\ 119 \end{array}$ |


| Pump <br> Shut-Off <br> Pressure | Pump Start-Up Pressure-PSI |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | $\mathbf{1 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0}$ | $\mathbf{3 0}$ | $\mathbf{4 0}$ | $\mathbf{5 0}$ | $\mathbf{6 0}$ | $\mathbf{7 0}$ | $\mathbf{8 0}$ |
| 30 | 0,41 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 40 |  | 0,22 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50 |  | 0,37 | 0,18 | 0,15 |  |  |  |  |
| 60 |  | 0,46 | 0,31 | 0,27 | 0,13 |  |  |  |
| 70 |  |  | 0,40 | 0,35 | 0,24 | 0,12 |  |  |
| 80 |  |  | 0,47 | 0,42 | 0,32 | 0,21 | 0,11 |  |
| 90 |  |  |  | 0,48 | 0,38 | 0,29 | 0,19 | 0,1 |
| 100 |  |  |  |  | 0,44 | 0,35 | 0,26 | 0,17 |


| Model <br> Number | Vol. in <br> Gallons | $\mathbf{2 0 - 4 0}$ | $\mathbf{3 0 - 5 0}$ | $\mathbf{4 0 - 6 0}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SPMDI-2 | 2,0 | 0,7 | 0,6 | 0,5 |
| SPMDI-5 | 4,6 | 1,7 | 1,4 | 1,2 |
| SPMDI-7 | 7,3 | 2,7 | 2,3 | 2,0 |
| SPMD-14 | 14,0 | 5,2 | 4,3 | 3,8 |
| SPMD-20 | 20,0 | 7,4 | 6,2 | 5,4 |
| SPMD-31 | 31,0 | 11,4 | 9,6 | 8,4 |
| SPMD-36S | 36,0 | 13,3 | 11,2 | 9,7 |
| SPMD-52 | 52,0 | 19,2 | 16,1 | 14,0 |
| SPMD-86 | 86,0 | 31,8 | 26,7 | 23,2 |
| SPMD-96 | 96,0 | 35,5 | 29,8 | 25,9 |
| SPMD-119 | 119,5 | 44,2 | 37,0 | 32,3 |

## Rule of thumb system sizing

The following water requirements figures are based on averages accepted by the industry. They represent typical household and farm animal water use requirements. Generally speaking, a reliable daily average water requirement is 100 gallons per day per person.

Average daily farm animal requirements

| Gallons/Day |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Horse, Mule, Steer | 12 |
| Cow-Dry | 15 |
| Cow-Milking | 35 |
| Hog | 4 |
| Sheep | 2 |
| Chicken/100 | 6 |
| Turkey/100 | 20 |

Average home water requirements based on industry-accepted 7-minute peak demand cycle

| Unit | Flow Rate <br> GPM | Requirement <br> Gallons |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Kitchen Sink | 5 | 3 |
| Toilet | 4 | 5 |
| Lavatory | 4 | 2 |
| Tub or Shower | 5 | 35 |
| Auto Wash <br> Machine | 5 | 35 |
| Dishwasher | 2 | 14 |
| Garden Hose <br> (1/2") | 3 | Depends upon cycle |
| time |  |  |

Average household water requirements (GPM) using industry-accepted 7-minute peak demand cycle

| No. of Bathrooms | Type of Water Using Fixtures Installed | GPM Required |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Sink, Toilet, Lavatory Tub/Shower | 7 |
| $1-1 / 2$ | Same as Above with Automatic Washer | 10 |
| $2-2-1 / 2$ | Same as Above with Automatic Dishwasher | 14 |
| $3-4$ | Same as Above | 17 |

TYPICAL INSTALLATIONS | PUMP TANKS

## Free-standing series*

The standard installation, utilizing front entry, with gauge, reliefvalve and pressure switch installed in front of tank.


Free-Standing Series With Pump Mounted On Tank*

The pump can be mounted on tank using a universal mounting base. The pump and base can be strapped to the tank in the horizontal position, or mounted to the tank in a vertical position.


## In-line series*

The In-Line Series is designed to be supported by system piping, either directly above the pump, or in a convenient place in the piping system as close to the pump as possible.

* When pump and tank are in different locations, the pressure switch should be at the tank location. Or compensating adjustment must be made for pressure loss due to head of water, i.e., one PSI for every two feet of elevation.



## Heavy duty glasslined

"Glasslining," a porcelain protective coating to a steel tank interior, is the plumbing industry's most time-tested system for protection against tanks. State Select ${ }^{\circledR}$ Glasslined Pump Tanks feature rolled-steel construction. State Water Heaters is one of the world's largest producers of glasslined tanks, and every tank is made in the U.S.A. Other features include a 1-1/4" NPT spud on top for motor mount or retention tank connections, a $1 / 4$ " switch or gauge tapping on the air side of the tank, and fullsize 1-1/4" connections at all needed locations.

- Rolled Steel Construction
- Fused Glasslining
- Maximum working pressure 125 PSIG
- Anodic Protection
- 5-Year limited warranty


## G Series glasslined pump tanks



| Model Number | Volume (Gallons) | Dimensions in Inches |  |  |  |  |  | Weight (lbs) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | A | B | C | D | E | F |  |
| G-42-T | 42 | 49 | 26 | 16-1/2 | 12 | 3 | 6 | 69 |
| G-42-S | 42 | 35-7/8 | 17 | 20 | 8 | 3 | 6 | 79 |
| G-82 | 82 | 62-1/4 | 33 | 20 | 12 | 3 | 6 | 154 |
| G-120 | 120 | 63 | 33 | 24 | 12 | 3 | 6 | 206 |

## A standard retention system

Typical installation of retention tank with chemical feed pump



- Vertical Tanks
- Maximim working pressure 75 PSIG
- NSF Certified 61G \& 372
- 1-Year limited warranty

| Model Number | Volume (Gallons) | Dimensions in Inche |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Weight (lbs) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | A | B | C | D | E | G | J | K | L |  |
| Z-220 | 220 | 78 | 66 | 30 | 6 | 32 | 6 | 2-1/2 | 2 | 2 | 303 |
| Z-315 | 315 | 79-1/2 | 66 | 36 | 6 | 32 | 7 | 2-1/2 | 2 | 2 | 416 |
| Z-480 | 480 | 87 | 72 | 42 | 6 | 32 | 7-1/2 | 2-1/2 | 2 | 3 | 640 |


| Model <br> Number | Volume <br> (Gallons) | Weight <br> (lbs) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\mathbf{B}$ | $\mathbf{C}$ | $\mathbf{D}$ | $\mathbf{E}$ | (limensions in Inch |  |
| Z-12 |  | $26-1 / 2$ | 24 | 12 | 5 | 13 | 27 |
| Z-21 |  | $26-7 / 8$ | 24 | 16 | 5 | 13 | 45 |
| Z-32 |  | $38-3 / 4$ | 36 | 16 | 8 | 17 | 52 |
| ZT-42 |  | 51 | 48 | 16 | 12 | 26 | 71 |
| ZS-42 | 42 | $33-5 / 8$ | 30 | 20 | 8 | 17 | 71 |
| Z-82 | 82 | 63 | 60 | 20 | 12 | 33 | 114 |
| Z-120 | 120 | $64-1 / 2$ | 60 | 24 | 12 | 33 | 154 |



| Model <br> Number | Volume <br> (Gallons) | Weight <br> (Ibs) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | B | C | D | E | F | G | J |  |  |
| ZU-525 | 525 | 131 | 114 | 36 | 6 | 56 | $2-1 / 2$ | $2-1 / 2$ | $2 "$ <br> NPT | 685 |
| ZU-900 | 900 | 161 | 144 | 42 | 14 | 69 | 4 | 4 | $3 "$ <br> NPT | 1040 |

1" NPT Spud in head for alternate motor mount or retention tank connection.
All tapping 1-1/4" Water Connections.
$1 / 4$ " pressure switch tapping on all models.


Only for installation on pump tank or expansion tank systems


This Pressure Valve is flow rated for 20 GPM at 85 PSI. If the pump's flow rate exceeds 20 GPM, additional valves must be used to meet or exceed the pump's pumping capacity.


- 75 pound setting
- 20 GPM at 85 PSI
- 3/4" male inlet size
- 34 " female outlet size

- 100 pound setting
- 20 GPM at 85 PSI
- 34 " male inlet size
- 34 " female outlet size

